SPRAY SCHEDULE YEAR 2025 (APPLE)













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		SPRAY SCHEDULE FOR THE	CONTROL OF I	DISEASES OF APPLE YEAR 2025	
Sr. No.	Tree Stage	Name of Chemical	Quantity of Chemical for 200 L of Water	Control of Diseases	Remarks
1.	Green tip	Captan* or Dodine	600gm 200gm	Scab	
		or Ziram*	600 (ml/gm)		
		Fluxapyroxad 75g/l + Difenoconozole 50 g/l SC	60 ml	Scab/powdery mildew	
2.	Pink bud	Mancozeb* or	600 gm		
		Propineb or	600 gm	Scab	
		Difenoconazole	30 ml		
		or Hexaconazole 4% + Zineb 68% WP	500 gm	Scab/Powdery Mildew/ Core Rot	
3.	Petal fall/	Carbendazim*	100 gm		
	Pea Stage	or ThiophanateMethyl* or	100 gm		
		Hexaconazole or	100 ml	Scab	
		Myclobutanil	80 gm		
		or Flusilazole 40% EC or	50ml		
		Mancozeb 60% +Pyraclostrobin 5% w/w WG	700 gm	Scab	
		Tebuconazole 50% + Trifloxystrobin 25%WG or	80 gm		
		Tebuconazole 8% + Captan 32% SC	500 ml	Powdery mildew	
		or Boscalid 25.2% + Pyraclostrobin 12.8% w/w WG or	50 gm		
		Metrafenone 500g/l SC	20 ml		
		Carbendazim 12% + Mancozeb 63% WP	500 gm	Scab/powdery mildew	
		Carbendazim 25% + Flusilazole 12.5% SC	160 ml	Alternaria leaf spot	
		Metiram70%WG	600 gm	Alternaria leaf spot/Scab	

4.	FruitDevel	Mancozeb*	600gm		Do not spray
	opment(W alnut size)	or Propineb	600gm	Scab	Dodine if temperature
		or Dodine	150 gm		is above 30°C and
		Metiram 55% +Pyraclostrobin 5% WG	200gm	Alternaria leaf spot/ Blight/Pre mature leaf fall	slow drying condition prevails.
		Tebuconazole 8% + Captan 32% SC or	500 ml	Alternaria leaf spot/ Premature leaf fall	
		Tebuconazole 6.7 % + Captan 26.9 % SC	600 ml	Alternaria Leaf Blotch	
		or Fluxapyroxad 250 g/l + Pyraclostrobin 250 g/l 500 SC	50 ml		
		or Fluopyram 17.7% w/w + Tebuconazole 17.7% w/w SC	126 ml	Alternaria leaf spot/ Premature leaf fall	
		or Dodine 40% SC or	150 ml		
		Hexaconazole 4% + Zineb 68% WP	500 gm	Alternaria leaf spot/ Premature leaf fall/Scab	
5.	Fruit Developm ent (20	Tebuconazole 50% + Trifloxystrobin 25%WG	80 gm	Pre mature leaf fall	
	days after 4 th spray)	Propineb*	600 gm	Scab	
	4 spray)	Zineb*	600 gm	Scab, Black rot	
		Carbendazim 25% + Flusilazole 12.5% SC	160 ml	Alternaria leaf spot/ Premature leaf Fall	
		Mancozeb 60% +Pyraclostrobin 5% w/w WG	700 gm	Marssonina Leaf Blotch/Scab	
		Metiram 70% WG	600 gm	Marssonina Leaf Blotch/Aternaria Leaf Spot/Scab	
6.	Pre harvest	Captan*	600 gm	Scab/Fly speck/Bitter rot	
	(20-25 days	Ziram 27 % SC*	600 (ml/gm)	Scab	
	before harvest)	Ziram 80% WP	500 ml	Alternaria Leaf Spot/ Premature Leaf Fall/ Fly speck	
		Metiram 55%	200gm	Alternaria leaf spot/ blight	
		+ Pyraclostrobin 5%WG			
		Fluopyram 17.7% w/w +Tebuconazole 17.7% w/w SC	126 ml	Alternaria leaf spot/Premature leaf fall/Fruit Rot	
		Hexaconazole 4% + Zineb68% WP	500 gm	Alternaria leaf spot/ Premature leaf fall/ Scab	

Note: - Points for consideration.

- 1. This spray schedule is for normal weather conditions.
- 2. In case of heavy rains within 12 hours of spray, the spray is to be repeated within seven days.
- 3. Do not repeat the same chemical for spray.
- 4. Pesticides should be sprayed when there are chances of diseases.
- 5. Do not mix Dodine with other pesticides/chemicals.
- 6. Do not mix any other pesticide/chemical/micro-nutrient/growth regulator/hormone with the above recommended pesticides to avoid russeting and other disorders. When necessary, these may be sprayed separately.
- 7. The fallen leaves of apple should be collected and decomposed in a compost pit or 5% urea sprayed on orchard floor to ensure fast decomposition of infected leaves.
- 8. For the control of White root rot, drench the basin area 3-4 times, with Carbendazim (0.1%) or Aureofungin (0.05%) + Copper Sulphate (0.05%) with the onset of rainy season to a depth of 15-20 cm. During winters, expose the root system of infected trees to sun. Remove the infected portion and apply Bordeaux paint.
- 9. For the control of Collar rot, scarify wounds near collar region and apply Bordeaux paint or any other Copper fungicide based paint during winter season. Drench the whole tree basin at a distance of 30 cm from tree trunk with Mancozeb (0.3%) during rainy season.
- 10. In scab prone areas 12-14 days' interval should be maintained between the sprays up to primary scab stage.
- 11. Use of Captan should be avoided before and after the oil spray for minimum 15 days.
- 12. Dodine should not be mixed with hard water.
- 13. Application of bio-control agents/bio-pesticides can be used against collar rot, root rot and root borers.
- 14. Preventive measures for Apple diseases:
- **a.** Crown gall or Hairy root- Avoid injury to the collar region and rouge out infected plants and destroy them.
- **b. Foliar Diseases-**As the pathogen overwinters on the fallen leaves and therefore orchard sanitation by removing weeds and bushes and by removing the fallen leaf litter from the orchard floor, is one of the most important measures to reduce the initial inoculum. Adopt proper pruning of trees for adequate air circulation and rapid drying of foliage, thus prevents the development of secondary lesions in the orchard.
- **c. Powdery Mildew-**Prune off the silver terminals and destroy them.
- d. Canker- These include removal and destruction of infected plant parts, mummified fruits, dead twigs and pruned branches, avoiding mechanical injuries, application of balanced fertilizers on the basis of leaf and soil analysis, proper irrigation during hot dry periods to avoid tree stress, protecting plants from high and low temperature injuries and ensuring effective control of insect-pests and diseases.

Recommendations for Hail damage: -

- 1. Spray 100 gm Carbendazim or 600 gm Mancozeb in 200 L of water immediately after hail.
- 2. Spray 200 gm Boric acid + 500 gm Zinc Sulphate + 250 gm Quick lime in 200 L of water within 3-4 days of hail storm.

3. After 10 to 12 days, a spray of micro-nutrients like Agromin, Multiplex or Microvit @ 400 to 600 g per 200 L of water is also recommended. Spray the hail affected apple orchard with 1 kg Urea in 200L of water.

Enhancement of fruit size:

Need base application of Gibberellic Acid (GA₄₊ GA₇)1.8%+Benzyladinine1.8% @30-60 ppm can be applied on 80-90% king flower bloom stage for enhancement of fruit size (L:D ratio).

Note: -

* The pesticides are proposed to be banned viz. Captan, Ziram, Mancozeb, Carbendazim, Thiophanate methyl, Zineb, Malathion & Chlorpyriphos by the Government vide Gazette Notification No. CG-DL-E-18052020-219423, Extraordinary Part-II- Section-3- Subsection (ii), dated 18th May 2020 regarding- Banning of Insecticides Order, 2020.

SPR	AY SCHEDULE F	OR THE CONTROL OF INSECT & F	PESTS OF AP	PLE, YEAR 2025
S. No.	Tree Stage	Name of Chemical	Quantity of Chemical for 200 L of water	Control of pests
1.	Half-inch Green Tip	Horticulture Mineral Oil	4 L	Sanjose scale & Mite
2.	Pink Bud	Thiacloprid	100 ml	Thrips
3.	Petal fall	Spiromesifen or Etoxazole 10%SC	60 ml	Mites
		or Hexythiazox Oxy-demeton methyl Malathion*	200 ml 200 ml 200 ml	Sanjose scale Aphid
4.	Fruit Development (Walnut Size)	Cyenopyrafen 30%SC or Fenazaquin	50 ml	
		or Propargite or Horticulture Mineral Oil	200 ml 2 L	Mites
5.	Fruit Development (20 days after spray at Sr.no 4.)	Hexythiazox or Spiromesifen or	200 ml 60 ml	Mites
6.	Fruit Development (20 days after 5 th spray)	Propargite 42% + Hexythiazox 2% EC Fenazaquin or Propargite or Cyenopyrafen 30% SC	200 ml 50 ml 200 ml 50 ml	Mites
7.	Pre harvest (20- 25 days before harvest)	Malathion* Oxy-demeton methyl	200 ml 200 ml	Aphid Sanjose scale
8.	After harvest	Chlorpyriphos*	400 ml	Woolly Apple Aphid

^{***}Note :- Oxy-demeton methyl if available in the market.

Note:-

- 1. Avoid repetition of same Insecticides/Acaricides
- 2. Don't mix any Micro nutrients with Acaricides/Insecticides.
- 3. While spraying for the control of mites on the tree, also spray the basin area to ensure optimum control.
- 4. Drench the basin area with Chlorpyriphos after harvesting @ 4ml/ltr of water for the control of woolly apple aphid and root borer.
- 5. Minimum insecticidal sprays should be used during April-June for the safety of Lady bird beetles, syrphid flies and other beneficial insects as most of useful insects are active during these months.
- 6. Do not spray any pesticides on open flowers to protect pollinating insects.
- 7. Methyl eugenol pheromone trap may be installed in the orchard to check fruit fly attack well in time.
- 8. For early surveillance of insect-pests suitable trap crops may be planted around the orchard.

RECOMMENDED BRAND NAMES OF PESTICIDES

r. No.	Common Name	Brand Names
1	2	3
Α.	Fungicides:	
1	Carbendazim 50 WP*	Dhanustin/Bavistin/Mavistin/Derosal/ Benfil/ Gilzim /Carbestin/ Goldstin
2	Captan 50 WP*	Captaf/ Dhanutan/Kohicap/Masstan/ Captax/ Capgold
3	Dodine 65 WP	Superstar/Syllit/Himdin/ Tohfa /Noor
4	Difenoconazole 25 EC	Score/Scale/Dizole/Rubigan D/Karara
5	Metiram 55% +Pyraclostrobin 5% WG	Cabrio Top 60WG
6	Hexaconazole 5 EC	Contaf/ Hexzol /Sitara/ Titan /Glow /Envil/Hexcon/Krizole
7	Mancozeb 75WP*	Indofil M-45/ Dithane M-45/ Mass M-45/ Kohinoor M-45/ Dhanuka M-45/ Abic M-45/ Emthane M-45/ Uthane M- 45/ Hindustan M- 45/GoldM-45/Marlett M-45
8	Myclobutanil 10WP	Systhane /Boon / Index/ Grapple
9	Propineb 70 WP	Antracol/Aaroosh/Scale 70% WP
10	Thiophanate methyl 70WP*	Roko/ Topsin-M /Alert/ Stop/Trust/Key
11	Zineb 75WP*	Indofil Z-78/FIL Kanji
12	Ziram 27% SC*	Cuman L
13	Ziram 80% WP*	IPL Ziram-80/ZED-78
14	Tebuconazole 50% +Trifloxystrobin 25%WG	Nativo75 WG
15	Tebuconazole 8% + Captan 32% SC	
	OR	Shamir/Kohicap Plus
16	Tebuconazole 6.7 % + Captan 26.9 % SC Fluxapyroxad 75g/l + Difenoconazole 50 g/l SC	Sercadis Plus 12.5 SC
17	Carbendazim 12% + Mancozeb 63%WP	SAAF/Companion.
18	Boscalid 25.2%+ Pyraclostrobin 12.8% w/w WG	Signum 38% WG
19	Metrafenone 500g/l SC	Acrisio 50 SC
20	Fluxapyroxad 250 g/l + Pyraclostrobin 250 g/l 500 SC	Merivon 50 SC
21	Flusilazole 40% EC	Cursor 40% EC/Governor 40% EC
22	Carbendazim 25% + Flusilazole 12.5% SE	Lustre37.5% SE
23	Fluopyram 17.7% w/w + Tebuconazole 17.7% w/w SC	LUNAExperience

24	Dodine 40% SC	DodinO FIL
25	Hexaconazole 4%+ Zineb 68% WP	Avtaar
26	Mancozeb 60%+Pyraclostrobin 5% w/w WG	Laurel
27	Metiram 70% WG.	Polyram

B Insecticides, Acaricides and Spray oils:

1	Chlorpyriphos 20 EC*	Dursban/Durmet/Danusban/Massban/Force/Tricel/Navigator/Goldban
2	Fenazaquin 10 EC	Magister/Majestic
3	Hexythiazox 5.45% EC	Maiden / Endurer
4	Malathion 50 EC*	Cythion/Massthion
5	Oxy-demeton Methyl 25% EC	Metasystox
6	Propargite 57 EC	Omite/ Simba
7	Spiromesifen 22.9 % SC	Oberon
8	Horticultural Mineral oil	HP Spray Oil E/Servo Oil.
9	Thiacloprid 21.7% SC	Alanto
10	Propargite 42% + Hexythiazox 2% EC	Ceasemite
11	Cyenopyrafen 30%SC	Kunoichi
12.	Etoxazole 10% SC	Borneo

GROWTH STAGES IN APPLE PLANT SILVER TIP TO FRUIT SET



ENSURE SAFE USE OF PESTICIDES

6. Bloom

Using pesticides safely depends on many things. Some of the most important factors include <u>selecting the</u> appropriate product, and using that product according to the label directions.

• Keep kids, pets and anyone non-familiar to the application out of the reach of pesticides while mixing and application.

7. Petal Fall

8. Fruit Set

- Be sure to wear protective clothing that will protect you while using pesticides. Protective clothing may include a long sleeve shirt, long pants, closed-toe shoes, gloves & goggles for eyes.
- Mix pesticides outdoors or in well-ventilated areas.
- Mix only what is advised.

5. Pink Bud

- Be prepared for a pesticide spill. Have paper towels, sawdust or kitty litter, garbage bags, and non-absorbent gloves on hand to avoid direct contact during the spill. Avoid using excessive amounts of water, as this may only spread the pesticide and could be harmful to the environment.
- Read the first aid instructions on the label before using the product. Have the telephone number for the Poison Control Centre (1-800-222-1222) available in case you have additional questions.
- Remove personal items, such as toys, clothing, or tools from the spray area to avoid contamination.
- After using pesticides, wash your hands before eating.
- Dispose off the empty pesticide containers/bags properly.

Horticulture Information Service, Department of Horticulture, Himachal Pradesh, Shimla.